

Justice Innovations & Jail Population Management

Presented by

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Outline

- Background
 - Safety and Justice Challenge History and Budget
- Jail Population Data
- Strategy with Initiatives Overview
 - Enhancing Pretrial Release Strategies*
 - Increasing Efficiencies in Case Processing
 - Advancing Racial Equity
 - Increasing Community Engagement
 - Advancing Community Safety and Violence Prevention





Background and Update

Supported by the John D. and Catherine T. MacArthur Foundation



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2016: \$50,0000 Innovation grant

2018: \$1.75M Implementation award

2021: \$1.75M Renewal award

2023: \$1.1M Sustainability award

- The Safety + Justice
 Challenge provides support to jurisdictions across the country to address drivers of local jail populations.
- The Challenge Network represents
 52 cities and counties, across 30 states.
- There are 57 that have receiving funding.

I. Personnel	
Assistant District Attorney - Court Processing	\$104,501
Assistant Public Defender - Court Processing	\$213,833
Grant Manager	\$67,613
Equity and Inclusion Specialist	\$189,154
II. Professional Services	
COURT PROCESSING	
Court Navigator	\$140,000
Court Reminder System	\$3,000
RACIAL EQUITY	
Racial Equity Workgroup Support	\$40,000
COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT	
Community Engagement Stipends	\$31,000
Community Engagement Support	\$30,000
Driver's License Restoration	\$170,566
Diversion Services	\$46,500
V. Travel (e.g., airfare, hotel accommodations, food and incidentals)	
Travel	\$8,100
Per diem	\$4,000
VI. Meeting Expenses (e.g., meeting space, food and supplies)	
Office Supplies	\$2,000
Food for Stakeholder Meetings and Workgroups	\$3,000
VII. Indirect Costs (not-to-exceed 15%)	
Reserve - to be allocated	\$46,733
Total	
	\$1,100,000

Safety and **Justice** Challenge Sustainability Grant Budget 04/01/23-03/30/25

Strategies

Enhancing Pretrial Release Strategies*

Increasing Efficiencies in Case Processing

Advancing Racial Equity

Increasing Community Engagement

Advancing Community
Safety and Violence
Prevention

- Increase pre-arrest and jail diversion strategies
- Community Diversion and Community Re-entry Team
- Continue Jail Review Team
- Increase use of court notification system
- Increase early access to defense counsel
- Hire Racial Equity Consultant
- Use Racial Equity Tool
- Ongoing education and training
- Partner with community to identify root causes driving increasing racial inequities and co-design solutions
- Increase understanding of justice system
- Partner with community to identify root causes and develop interventions to address drivers of incarceration, including FTAs and violence
- Support establishment of Drivers' License Restoration Initiative
- Partner with community organizations to address community safety
- Develop Strategic Plan with justice stakeholders

Reduction in recidivism shown in first two strategies

Buncombe County Detention Facility Population Report

As of 10/30/2023 12:20 am there were 430 people in custody. Of those, 415 (97%) are considered to be the local jail population. 15 are contract. 55 are in custody on their current booking due only to an arrest for failure to appear.

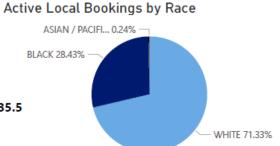
The last report was provided on **10/15/2023** when the local snapshot count was **405**. The population snapshot change since the last report is **2.5**%.

402 beds are currently occupied in the jail's housing units, putting the jail at **85.7%** of operational capacity.

38

Number of Bookings Over the Weekend

Average number of bookings per weekend this year: 35.5



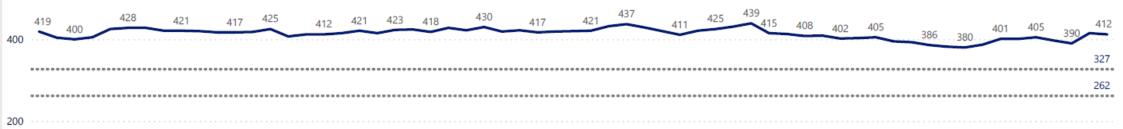
Local Jail Po	opulation b	y Sex
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Sex	Contract	Local	Total ▼
Male	12	344	356
Female	3	71	74
Total	15	415	430

Pretrial Services EM Caseload

Supervision Level	People on EM Supervision
EM	23
EM (Wait List)	11
Total	34

Local Daily Population by Day - Previous 60 Days



YOY Change

The average local daily population between

08/29/2023 and 10/28/2023 was 414. Last year during that same time period it was

441, a change of

-6.2%.

29 30 31 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28

August October

Enhancing Pretrial Release Strategies wr

Community Diversion and Community Re-entry

Wrap Around Services and Addressing Social Determinants of Health Work!



Community Diversion & Community Re-entry Services

Grant Funded by NC Health and Human Services through BCSO (FY22-23)

- Individuals assigned to Pretrial Services and Probation
- Outcomes focused on providing/meeting basic needs Opioid Use Disorders and Chronic Medical Conditions
- Added 1 grand funded position to Justice Resource Center

2 Post Release Teams

- Two Funder Sources
- Across two divisions in Justice Services
 - 1Program Manager
 - 2 Case Managers
 - 2 Peer Supports

Grant Funded by Dogwood Health Trust (FY21-FY23) and Opioid Settlement Funds (FY24)

- Specifically works with those being released from detention with substance Use Disorders & Severe and Persistent Mental Illness
- Connect to community resources and housing
- Added 4 contracted staff to Justice Resource Center
 - 1 Program Manager
 - 1 Case Manager
 - 2 Peer support/Community Health Worker



Programmatic Goals

- To help participants improve their health, safety and well-being by connecting them to community resources to reduce and divert bookings into the jail.
- Reduce barriers to compliance and increase access to care resource
- Individuals recently released from custody, pending charges, at risk of reincarceration based on housing, mental illness, substance use and difficulties accessing support services.
- Services provided- connection to treatment, referrals to MAHEC for MAT, basic needs i.e. cell phone, sober living, bus tickets, hygiene supplies, basic clothing

Participant Demographics

Community Diversion

Majority of participants were:

• White: 85%

• Male: 70%

Aged 30 through 50: 62%

• Over 1/3 were unhoused

 71% were on probation or pretrial supervision

Community Re-entry

Majority of participants were:

• White: 78%

• Male: 69%

• Aged 30 through 50: 63%

• Over 1/2 were unhoused



Community Diversion Program Findings





Jail Bookings Pre and Post Enrollment 3 Months & 6 Months

- 207 people included in analysis
- 170 has experienced at least one booking since December 2020

Bookings 3 Months Before Enrollment		Bookings 6 Months Before Enrollment		
103	63	191	149	

- 3 Months: Participants experienced a booking reduction of 39% pre and post enrollment
- 6 Months: Participants experienced a booking reduction of 22% pre and post enrollment

Community Diversion Jail Bookings Pre and Post Enrollment

	Number of Participants	Bookings 3 Months Before Enrollment	Bookings 3 Months After Enrollment	3 Month Reduction	Bookings 6 Months Before Enrollment		6 Month Reduction
Male	146	77	43	-44%	138	102	-26%
Aged 40-49	58	25	14	-44%	54	34	-37%
Black	25	19	10	-47%	33	25	-27%
Unsheltered	75	51	28	-45%	85	64	-25%
Pretrial Supervision	54	59	26	-56%	93	63	-30%



Community Diversion Jail Bookings Pre and Post Enrollment By Intervention

	Number of Participants	Bookings 3 Months Before Enrollment	Bookings 3 Months After Enrollment	3 Month Reduction	Bookings 6 Months Before Enrollment	Bookings 6 Months After Enrollment	6 Month Reduction
Cell Phone	38	18	13	-27%	47	36	-23%
Multiple Interventions	130	78	41	-47%	130	90	-31%
Cell Phone + Transitional Housing	21	12	5	-58%	18	11	-39%
Other Combination	109	66	36	-45%	112	79	-29%



Community Re-entry Findings



Community Re-entry Pre and Post Enrollment Bookings By Race and Ethnicity

	3 Months			6 Months		
	Bookings Before	Bookings After	Percent Change	Bookings Before	Bookings After	Percent Change
Race	Deloie	Aitei	Change	Delote	Aitei	Change
Asian	2	0	-100%	-	-	-
Black/African American	38	14	-63%	61	35	-42%
Caucasian	147	60	-59%	210	102	-51%
Multiracial	2	0	-100%	3	3	0%
Native Am./ Alaskan Native	1	1	0%	2	0	-100%
Unknown	0	0	0%	-	-	-
Ethnicity						
Hispanic or Latino	2	1	-50%	2	1	-50%
Non-Hispanic or Latino	178	73	-59%	259	134	-48%
Unknown	10	1	-90%	13	5	-61%

Pre and Post Enrollment Bookings By Gender, Age and Housing Status

	3 Months			6 Months		
	Bookings	Bookings	Percent	Bookings	Bookings	Percent
	Before	After	Change	Before	After	Change
Gender						
Female	54	17	-69%	81	42	-48%
Male	132	57	-57%	190	96	-49%
Prefer to self-describe	2	1	-50%	3	2	-33%
Unknown	2	0	-100%	2	0	-100%
Age Group						
18 – 24	19	5	-73%	26	10	-61%
25 – 29	24	21	-12%	40	37	- 7 %
30 – 39	66	28	-57%	97	54	-44%
40 – 49	55	14	-74%	70	25	-64%
50 – 59	21	7	-66%	38	14	-63%
60 and Over	5	0	-100%	5	0	-100%
Housing Status						
Sheltered	80	31	-61%	115	54	-53%
Unsheltered	110	44	-60%	161	86	-46%

Summary

Overall, participants experienced a reduction in bookings pre and post enrollment at 3- and 6-month periods.

Community Diversion

- Greatest reductions were experienced by:
 - Black
 - Male
 - Ages of 40-49
 - Unsheltered
 - Pretrial supervision
 - Received multiple interventions

Community Re-entry

- Greatest reductions were experienced by:
 - Female participants
 - Blacks experienced a greater reduction in bookings than white participants during the three-month period, but that reversed in the six-month period.
 - Females experienced a greater reduction of bookings than male, but that difference narrowed in the 6-month period.

Case Processing and Community Engagement

Jail Review Team
Community Awareness Campaign
Court Navigator
Court Notification Enrollment

Jail Review Team

Weekly staffing of court partners to review in-custody cases for disposition or bond review

Every Wednesday, a random selection of 20-25 bookings is pulled from the bond report contains charge information on bookings that meet specified criteria based on the most serious active pretrial charge and then number of days in custody.

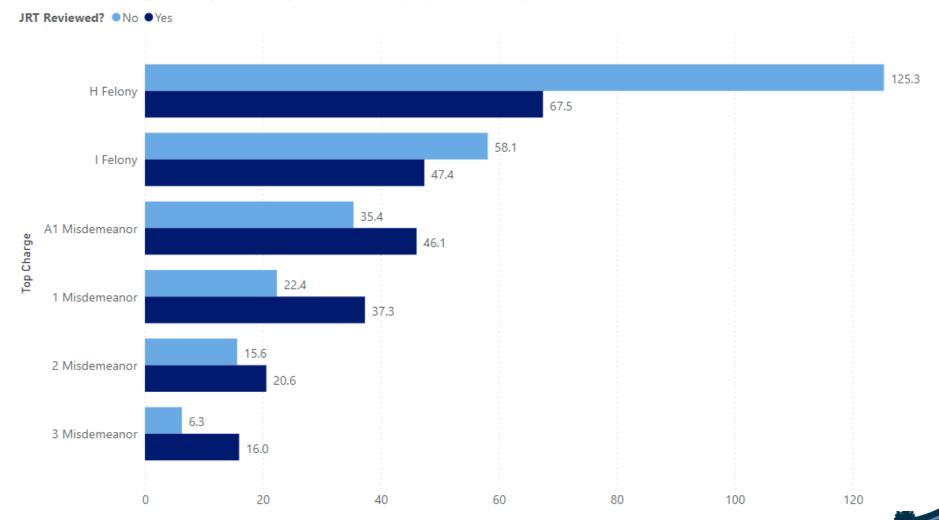
January 3, 2023 through September 5, 2023. During that time, the JRT reviewed 759 bookings.

Major takeaways from this analysis include:

- Reducing length of stay for those whose cases they review
- Reducing length of stay is not the same across race, gender, or top charge
- Greatest reductions seen by white, male, and charged with a low-level felony (excluding VRA charges)
- Not having an impact on racial disparities within the jail population (one reason for this is the parameters selected for the cases reviewed)

Jail Review Team: Length of Stay Findings

Chart 2: Average Length of Days in Custody by Top Charge



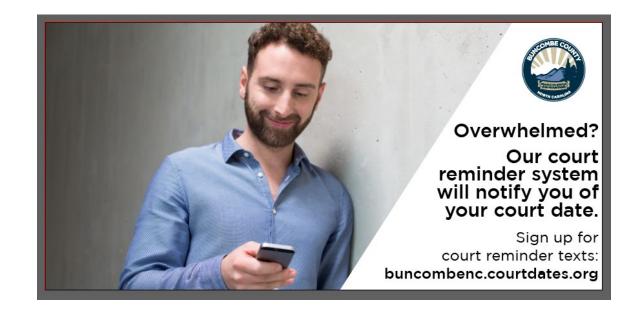
Community Awareness Failure to Appear (FTA) Campaign

Focused messaging

- Court Navigator presence in lobby
- Automated court reminder system
- Collateral consequences of FTAs

Platforms

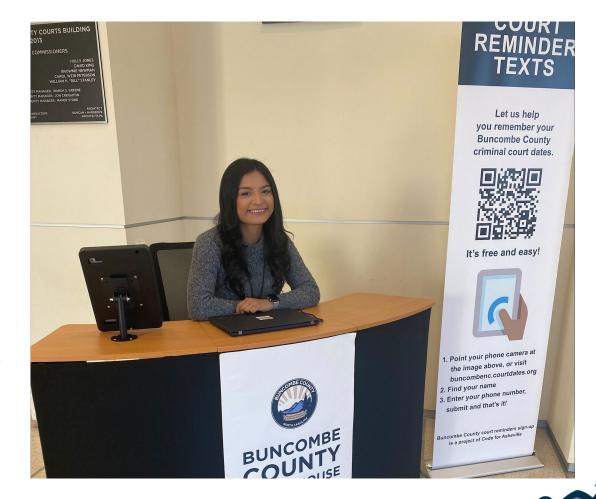
Billboards, Social Media, Radio/TV





Court Navigator

- Serves as a first point of contact in the Buncombe County courthouse lobby, providing immediate assistance and customer service to courthouse visitors
- Helps to address a variety of challenges that residents can face when interfacing with a complex criminal justice system



How are we doing?

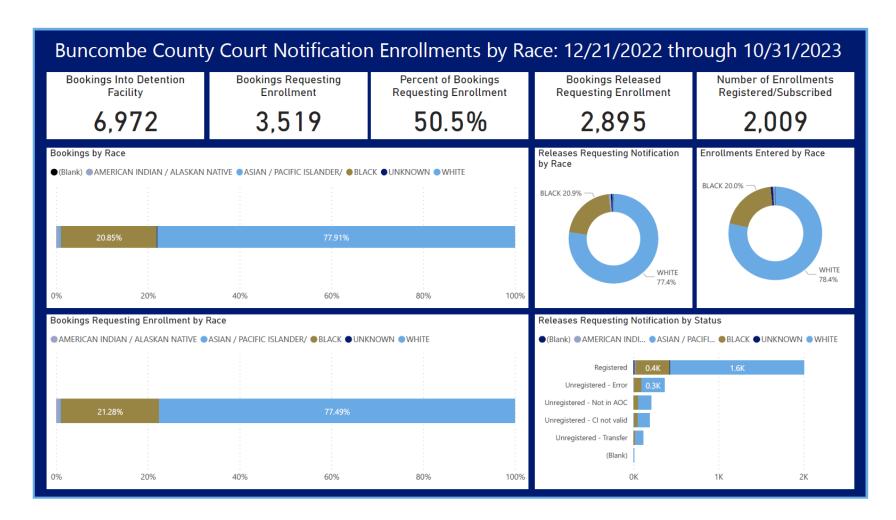
 Initial goal was to serve 200 unique individuals within 6 months of program launch

 During a period of 4 months (April – October) our Court Navigator served 2592 individuals

- 98% = Courthouse wayfinding assistance
- 81% = Info/referral to community resources
- 50% = info/registration assistance re: court reminder system



Court Notification Enrollment



- Increased number of Failure to Appear rates
- Under utilized State notification system
- Developed a program and process to notify individuals of their court dates



Advancing Racial Equity

Driver's License Restoration Program & Debt Relief Pilot Project

Culturally Align Counseling

Education and Training



Driver's License Restoration Program & Debt Relief Pilot Project

In partnership with Pisgah Legal Services



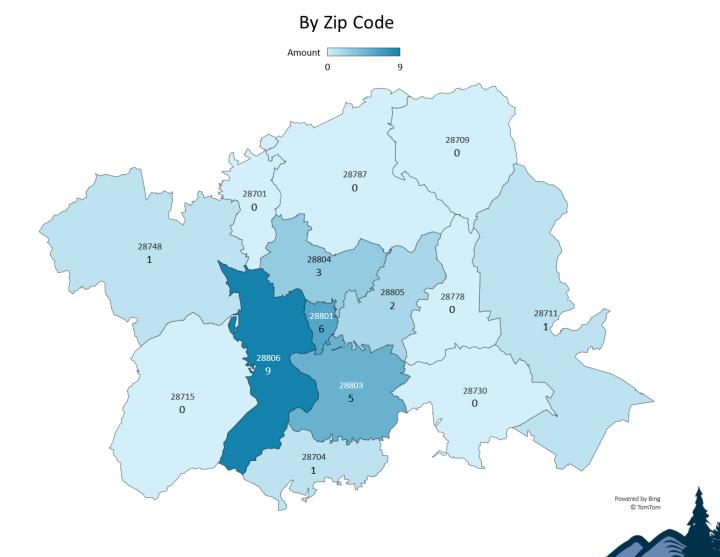
Assists participants who meet established income/eligibility guidelines by compiling relevant information and formally assisting participants throughout the driver's license restoration process.

Driver's license restoration can help improve an individual's eligibility for employment, higher wages, childcare stability, access to healthcare, and can help avoid further involvement in the criminal justice system.

The funds are used to pay remaining Department of Motor Vehicle fines or fees allowing for formal restoration.

Client Demographics

- Utilized contract funds to assist in the process of Driver's License restoration for 30 individuals
- 61.3% (19) identified as White while 32.3% (10) identified as Black or African American
- Females accounted for 50.0%
 (15) while 50.0% (15) were male
- Age groups most represented are 31- to 40-year-olds (43.3%) and 22-to-30-year-olds (23.3%)
- Average cost per individual: \$431.86



Outcomes

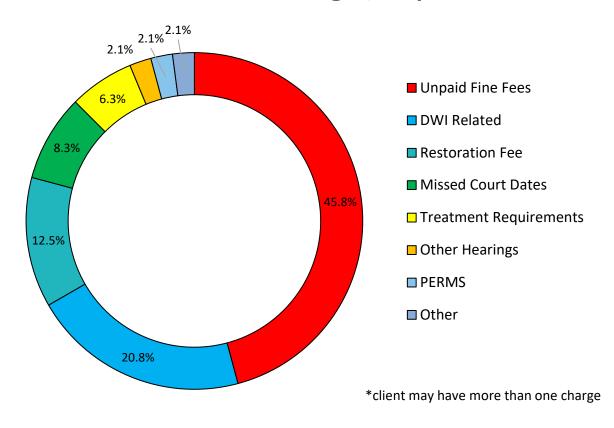
The nature of the charges / suspension

- Unpaid fines / fees (45.8%)
- DWI Related (20.8%)
- Restoration Fees (12.5%)

Successful outcomes

- 32.3% obtainment of new driver's license or the eligibility to reapply for driver's license
- **67.7%** of the results still pending at the time of data submission

Nature of Charges/Suspensions*





Culturally Align Counseling

- Provide culturally competent material across all programs offered by Justice Services.
- Partnered with From the Ashes to provide substance use disorder counseling services to clients of the programs offered via the department.

From the Ashes - Substance Use Disorder Counseling Services

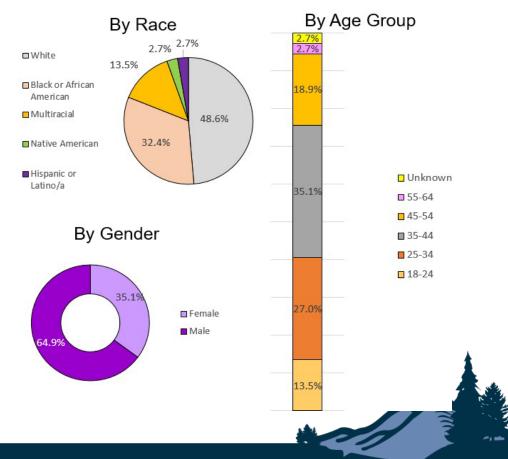
Reporting Period: 03/01/22 – 10/31/22

Total SJC Funding: \$15,370.40

Reporting Highlights:

- 37 individuals were assisted during reporting period
- 54.1% successfully completed the program and 24.3% were currently active in the program at time of reporting.

Participant Demographics:



Trauma-Informed Training Development and Implementation

The Racial Equity Workgroup planned and hosted a traumainformed training entitled, *Enhancing Public Experiences in the Courthouse* on February 7, 2023 including 6 judges.

The training was provided by **Circuit Court Judge Susan B. Carbon,** who is a nationally recognized expert on domestic violence and a former Director of the Office on Violence Against Women at the U.S. Department of Justice.

The purpose of the training was to further Buncombe County's efforts to create a trauma- informed culture that enhances physical and emotional safety in the courthouse.



Advancing Community Safety and Violence Prevention



Community Based Public Health Response to Violence



- 8 Community Based Organizations completed 60 hours of training conducted by CHASM (Community Healing Through Activism and Strategic Mobilization)
- Community Health Workers graduated with a certification and formally established the Peace Team (Providing Education & Advocacy Thru Community Engagement)
- Met with over 500 community members
- Partnership with Land of Sky Go Places program to add workforce alternative sentencing program to Justice Resource Center

Learning and Building Community

May 2023 Mother's Day

Event More Than 300 people from Buncombe County and surrounding areas gathered at Pack Square to support Mother's who have lost their children due to Gun Violence.





February 2023

Community Safety and Violence Prevention Conference St. Louis Missouri



Next Steps

- Implementation of Youth Empowerment Solutions
- Publish Community Safety and Violence Prevention Plan
- Continue Technical Assistance with CHASM to help with implementation of CPrV to maximize positive impact in community.
- CPrV Certification Training in 2023 to train more CHWVPP and System Advocates
 - to include Community Paramedics and other Community Based Organizations.









NEXT STEPS & THANK YOU!

