

2018 Annual Summary Report

Overview and Mission of the Agency

In the 1940s, the City of Asheville established a "Smoke Abatement Program" to address the blanket of black smoke that engulfed the city during particularly stagnant weather conditions. The local air quality agency is an extension of that program. Originally, the agency served four counties, and from 1970 to 2000, the Agency served two counties (Buncombe and Haywood). In 2000, the Western North Carolina Regional Air Quality Agency (WNCRAQA) was re-formed through an interlocal agreement between Buncombe County and the City of Asheville. The purpose of this agreement was to establish, administer, and enforce a local air quality program for the City of Asheville and Buncombe County in accordance with the provisions of North Carolina General Statutes Section 143-215.112.

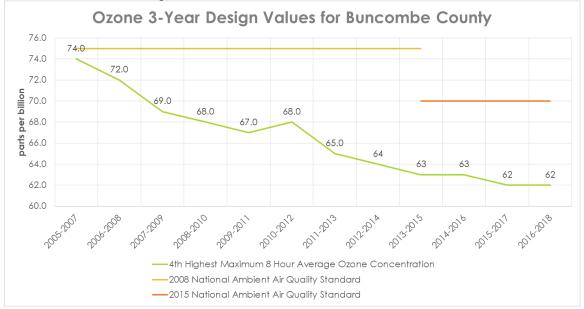
The mission of the Agency is to monitor and regulate the air quality of the City of Asheville and Buncombe County to safeguard public health and the environment, while preserving the quality of life and economic vitality of the area. The Agency is responsible for implementing and enforcing the provisions of the federal Clean Air Act and all additional state and local air quality regulations in Buncombe County. We operate an air pollution monitoring network that is used to determine whether our area is in compliance with the national ambient air quality standards (NAAQS). Our program ensures that industrial facilities, gas stations, dry cleaners, grading contractors, and asbestos removal activities comply with all applicable air quality regulations that are put in place to protect the public health and welfare. We enforce the open burning regulations and respond to air quality related complaints and emergencies, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. We offer compliance assistance, education and outreach services, and we are available to do presentations on air quality at the request of schools, civic groups, and other community organizations. We also maintain an indoor air quality webpage for citizen inquiries and have partnered with other agencies to distribute free radon test kits.

The WNCRAQA is governed by a five-member board. Three members are appointed by the Buncombe County Commissioners, and two members are appointed by the Asheville City Council. The Agency is also served by an advisory committee made up of community members from a wide range of backgrounds.

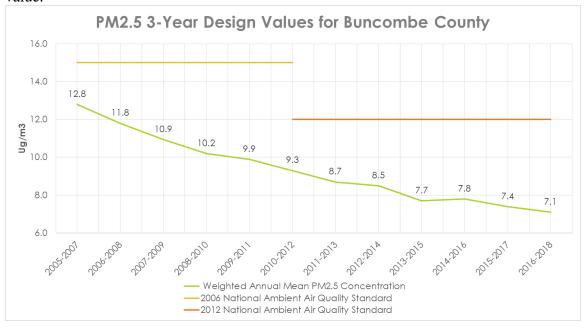
Current Air Quality Monitoring Data – Ozone and Fine Particles

Our area is currently attaining the national ambient air quality standards (NAAQS) that are set by EPA to protect public health and the environment. Our most recent design value used to determine compliance with the national health-based standard for ground level ozone (average of the 4th highest 8-hour ozone concentration measured over 3 consecutive years) at our Bent Creek monitor here in Buncombe County is 62 parts per billion (ppb). EPA revised the national

standard in 2015 from 75 ppb to 70 ppb to better protect public health. Below are trend data for the annual standard design value.



Our agency also operates a monitoring site for particulate matter (PM_{2.5}). There are two NAAQS for PM_{2.5}; the 98th percentile 24-hour average standard is 35 micrograms per cubic meter ($\mu g/m^3$), and the weighted annual mean standard is 12 $\mu g/m^3$. The 98th percentile 24-hour average at the Buncombe County monitoring site is 22.0 $\mu g/m^3$, and the weighted annual mean is 7.1 $\mu g/m^3$. Both of these figures are 3 year average design values for 2016, 2017, and 2018. These design values include data measured during the wildfires in 2016 where there were several days when the PM2.5 levels were unhealthy. Below are trend data for the annual standard design value.



In addition to the Ozone and PM monitors, a monitor measuring sulfur dioxide (SO₂) was established in the Royal Pines area of Skyland in 2017 to measure the emissions from the Duke Energy Progress power plant. This monitor is operated through the North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality's Division of Air Quality. This was in response to the EPA revising the National Ambient Air Quality Standard for SO₂. They established a 1-hour primary standard of 75 parts per billion (ppb) based on the 3-year average of the 99th percentile of the yearly distribution of 1-hour daily maximum concentrations. The 99th percentile of the 1-hour daily maximum concentration for 2017 was 16.6 ppb and for 2018 was 9.8 ppb. Data for both years are well below the established standard of 75 ppb.

Air Quality has Improved due to Emissions Reductions from Vehicles and Power Plants

The most significant emissions reduction project affecting the City of Asheville and Buncombe County during the last few years has been the installation and operation of the flue gas desulphurization (FGD) units, or scrubbers, and selective catalytic reduction (SCR) systems in accordance with the NC Clean Smokestacks Act of 2002, including those installed at the Progress Energy plant in Skyland. The NC Clean Smokestacks Act required NC power plants to reduce total emissions of sulfur dioxide and nitrogen oxides by approximately 70%. Sulfur dioxide (SO2) and nitrogen oxides (NOx) contribute to fine particle pollution, acid deposition, and the regional haze that obscures our mountain vistas in the summer time. Nitrogen oxides also contribute to ozone formation. The EPA has required emissions reductions at power plants in other states that is also having a positive impact on our air quality here in WNC. EPA has also required cleaner gasoline, diesel fuel, and lower emission rates for cars and trucks in recent years. While all of these actions have resulted in improved air quality, the most recent scientific studies continue to show health effects at lower levels of pollution and as a result, the standards that we are required to meet continue to be adjusted downward, meaning more work is needed to continue to improve our air quality in order to protect public health and the environment. Duke Energy Progress has announced the Western Carolinas Modernization Project. This includes the installation of two new natural gas/fuel oil fired combined cycle units which should be operational in 2019. They plan to retire the two older coal fired boilers in 2020. These changes will improve the air quality in the region.

AIR QUALITY INDEX
The AQI is an index for reporting daily air quality. It tells you how clean or polluted the air is, and what associated health effects might be of concern. Here in Buncombe County, the air quality index is based on the two pollutants that we monitor: ozone and fine particles.

Data for 2018	Number of Days the AQI was:			
Number of Days with an AQI	Good	Moderate	Unhealthy for Sensitive Groups	Unhealthy
364	317	47	0	0

Source of ozone, fine particle and AQI data: U.S. EPA AirData http://www.epa.gov/airdata. AirData reports are produced from a direct query of the AQS Data Mart. The data represent the best and most recent information available to EPA from state and local agencies.

2018 Education and Outreach and Voluntary Program Initiatives

In addition to our core duties including the implementation of our monitoring, permitting, and enforcement programs, below is a list of voluntary initiatives and education and outreach activities that were accomplished in 2018.

- Staff participated in the annual "The State of Our Air" a media event sponsored by the Land of Sky Regional Council's Clean Air Campaign to raise awareness about ground level ozone pollution.
- The WNCRAQA is committed to encouraging reductions in air pollution by encouraging reductions in vehicle miles traveled and cleaner transportation alternatives. We are a member of the local Clean Vehicles Coalition (CVC) that is administered by the Land of Sky Regional Council of Governments. On July 26, 2012, the local CVC was designated by the US Department of Energy as an official Clean Cities program for the five county area surrounding Asheville including Buncombe, Henderson, Haywood, Madison and Transylvania counties. In October of 2012, the WNCRAQA signed a Memorandum of Understanding expressing our support for the goals of the CVC and Clean Cities Program. Staff is currently serving on a committee that approves grant funding for the NC DAQ's diesel emissions reduction grant program.
- Outreach with the regulated community in NC was conducted through staff participation in federal sewage sludge incinerator operator training.

- The Agency partnered with the NC Radon Program and Buncombe County Environmental Health to promote Radon Awareness Month in January of 2018. Funding for free kits was not available for 2018.
- The Agency maintains a website with information for our permitted facilities as well as information and links to sites concerning air quality, health and other areas of interest for the citizens of Buncombe County. Please go to www.wncairquality.org for more information.
- WNCRAQA started Facebook and Twitter accounts in 2013. We are working to increase our social media presence and see it as a valuable tool to increase awareness of air quality issues in our area. Please like us on Facebook https://www.facebook.com/WesternNCRegionalAirQualityAgency and follow us on Twitter https://twitter.com/WNCAirQuality!
- The Agency participated in various public forums and responded to interview requests.
 - o Interview with the Mountain Xpress in January 2018: *Hidden Hazards: Is Your Home Making You Sick?*
 - o News Story with Buncombe County Government June 2018: *Breath Easy: Keep an Eye on the Sky with the County's Air Quality Monitors*
 - o Interview with Mountain Xpress' Timothy Burkhardt June 2018: WNC Regional Air Quality Agency hosts Public Hearing on Budget
 - o Interview with Asheville Radio Group- Bill McClement June 2018: About the Agency's new particulate matter monitors and air quality.
 - NC Department of Environmental Quality-Division of Waste Management at AB Tech September 2018: Public Hearing on Coal Combustion Residuals Management- Draft Rules, staffed a table for the Division of Air Quality
- The Agency continued its popular air quality awards with permitted facilities to recognize those that implement voluntary measures to reduce emissions. In recent years, our citizen's advisory committee has assisted this effort by developing more structured guidelines and expanding the awards program to include a broader range of businesses and organizations in the local community.
 - Clean Air Compliance Awards: Certificates were sent to 55 permitted facilities for complying with all air quality regulations and their permit requirements for 2017.

Attached is a table of the parameters that the WNCRAQA reports to the NC Environmental Management Commission on a biennial basis.

WNC Regional Air Quality Agency 2018 Environmental Management Commission Report Parameters

REPORT ITEM	SUB-ITEM	CY 2018
Number of Staff in Each		•
Program Area (In Person-		
Years)		
	Permitting	1.50
	Inspections	2.00
	Enforcement	0.25
	Monitoring	1.25
	Clerical	0.25
	Administrative	.50
Number of Facilities, By		
Category		
	Title V	6
	Synthetic Minor	11
	Small	60
	Stage I Vapor Recovery	149
	Dry Cleaners	7
Number of Operating Permits		
Issued, By Category		
	Title V	1
	Synthetic Minor	2
	Small	4
Number of Construction or		
Modification Permits Issued, By		
Category		
	Title V	1
	Synthetic Minor	1
	Small	7
Average Time to Process Each		
Permit, By Category		
	Initial Title V	7 months
	Synthetic Minor	1.5 month
	Small	1.5 month
	Construction	1.5 month
Have emissions inventories		Yes
been reported to EPA?		

REPORT ITEM	SUB-ITEM	CY 2018
How many stack tests were		2
observed?		
How many stack test protocols		5
and reports were received,		
reviewed, and approved?		
List Number of CEMs, By Type		
	CO	1
	CO_2	2
	NO_x	2
	O_2	1
	Opacity	2
	SO_2	2
	Mercury	2
	PM	2
Number of Inspections		
Performed at Each Source		
Category		
	Title V	6
	Synthetic Minor	11
	Small	6
	Stage I Vapor Recovery	149
	Dry Cleaners	7
Number of Full Compliance		
Evaluations		
	Title V	6
	Synthetic Minor	11
	Small	6
	Stage I	149
	Dry Cleaners	7
Asbestos Permitting Program		
	NESHAP Permits	140
	Local Permits	298
	City of Asheville Permit	202
	Reviews	
	Buncombe County Permit	240
	Reviews	

REPORT ITEM	SUB-ITEM	CY 2018
Number of Staff Available to Perform Compliance Evaluations		
	Industrial	5
	Asbestos	2
	Indoor Air Quality (IAQ)	2
	Open Burning, Dust, Odor	6
Number of Violations Found During Inspections		4
Number of Complaints Received		
	Industry	7
	Asbestos	1
	Dust, Odor, IAQ	3
	Open Burning	43
	Stage I Vapor Recovery	0
Number of Complaints Investigated		
	Industry	7
	Asbestos	1
	Dust, Odor, IAQ	3
	Open Burning	43
	Stage I Vapor Recovery	0
Number of NOVs, by Type		
	Industry – Emissions	1
	Industry - Procedural	2
	Asbestos	1
	Dry Cleaners	0
	112(r) Program	0
	Open Burning	8
	Stage I Vapor Recovery	4
Number of Enforcement Cases		16
Processed		
Number of SOCs Issued		0
Number of Penalties Assessed		0
Total Amount of Penalties		\$0.00
Assessed		
Total Amount of Penalties Collected ⁱ		\$0.00
Number of FRVs and HPVs Reported to EPA		1 FRV
Was compliance status of the		Yes, Bi-
facilities updated in AFS on a regular basis? How often?		Monthly

The Agency submits 100% of all collected penalties to the local school system.